	لعادية 2009- يضوع بضوع	La Carriera	المملكة المغربية وزارة التربيات السوطانية والشمارية السمالي والسكونية الأماري والسكونية الأمارية والمهدنة الممارية
مدة الإنجاز: 3 س		خصي و العانلي: كـــان الازدياد:	
المعامل: 3	بانية		مادة: اللغة الإنجليزية شعب(ة): شعبة الأداب والطوم الإنسانية:
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خاص بكتابة الامتحان		اسم المصحح و ا النقطة النهانية -	مادة: اللغة الإنجليزية شعب(ة): شعبة الآداب والطوم الإنسانية: مسلك العلوم الإنسانية
الصفحة: 1 على 1	ورقة الإجابة		C: NS1
reduced if we sens Morocco launched campaigns aim at in of non-registered of headmasters will al	itise parents about the importan a number of awareness camp stroducing a national programme children and children who have so be responsible for implementi- is considered a logical one bec	ce of sending aigns to addr which encour dropped out ng this plan. cause it will g	literate parents. These rates can be their children to school. In 2006, ress this growing problem. These rages school children to make a list. More than 14,000 teachers and ret children who have dropped out



4 داد 2 على 4 C: N\$11
B. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS. (3 pts) 1. How many students drop out of primary school in Morocco every year?
(**************************************
2. Why do poor parents withdraw their children from school?
3. How can drop-out rates be reduced?

C. ARE THESE SENTENCES TRUE OR FALSE? JUSTIFY. (3 pts) The programme encourages parents to make lists of children who have dropped out of school.
Fatima Lharti convinced nearly one dozen children to stay at school.
Samir studies and helps his father as well
D. COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES. (2 pts)
As a preventive measure, the initiative aims at
2. Fatima Lharti found it difficult to
E. FIND IN THE TEXT WORDS THAT MEAN ALMOST THE SAME AS: (3 pts) 1. minimise (parag 1):
F. WHAT DO THE UNDERLINED WORDS OR EXPRESSIONS IN THE TEXT REFER TO? (3 pts) 1. the phenomenon:
2. they :
3. he:
II. LANGUAGE (15 POINTS) A. PUT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE. (3 pts) Najib Sidqi (get)
work at the bank. In 2007, he (conduct)
developing customer services. Now, he (bc)the manager of a bank agency.



الصفحة: 3 على 4	C: NS11		
B. REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTE 1. The government launched an educational			
An educational programme			
2. "The film has attracted a lot of viewers,"	the film director said.		
The film director said that			
3. Saida left school at an early age.			
The teacher wishes			
C. GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE	E WORDS BETWEEN BRACKETS. (3 pts)		
1. Reducing the rates of drop-outs in Moroco	co will be an important (achieve)		
2. Fatima will be (promotion)			
3. Many NGOs contribute to the (develop)of citizenship values.			
D. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE RIGH	IT PHRASAL VERBS FROM THE LIST. (1.5 pts)		
stand for - fill in - bring a	about - look up - get off - apply for		
1. The father encouraged his son toanother job.			
2. The letters VIP	Very Important Person.		
3. The new initiative tries to	change in education .		
E. JOIN THE FOLLOWING SENTENCE	S USING THE WORDS GIVEN. (3 pts)		
1. Hamid did a great job. He was not offere	d a better position. (though)		
2. Souad did not come to the show. She was	s sick. (because of)		
3. We were unable to get financial support.	We had to abandon the project. (therefore)		
F. MATCH THE WORDS THAT GO TOO COLLOCATIONS. (1.5 pts)	GETHER TO MAKE APPROPRIATE		
1. natural 2. formal 3. brain	a. priority b. disaster c. gain d. education e. opportunity		



الصفحة: 4 على 4	C: N\$11
III . WRITING (10 POINTS)	
A lot of people in developing countries suffer from illiteracy. Write a	short essay about the
causes and consequences of this phenomenon and suggest some solutions.	(Approximately 250)
Here are some suggestions to help you:	
- poverty/ parents' ignorance,	
 lack of awareness to the importance of education, 	
- remote schools in rural areas,	
- role of youth organisations, NGOs, government,etc.	
11.000.00	

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